Verner Drinking Water System

Section 11
2018 ANNUAL REPORT



Section 11 - ANNUAL REPORT

1.0 Introduction

Drinking-Water System Name: Verner Drinking water System

Drinking-Water System No.: 210000951

Drinking-Water System Owner: The Corporation of the Municipality of West Nipissing

Drinking-Water System Category: Large Municipal, Residential System **Period being reported:** January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018

Does your Drinking Water System serve more than 10,000 people? No

Is your annual report available to the public at no charge on a web site on the Internet? Yes

Location where Report required under O. Reg. 170/03 Schedule 22 will be available for inspection.

Municipality of West Nipissing Sturgeon Falls Water Treatment Plant 11 Nipissing Street Sturgeon Falls, Ontario P2B 1J4

Drinking Water Systems that receive drinking water from the Verner Drinking Water System

The Verner Drinking Water System provides all drinking water to the community of Verner.

The Annual Report was not provided to any other Drinking Water System Owners.

The Ontario Clean Water Agency prepared the 2018 Annual/Summary Report for the Verner Drinking Water System and provided a copy to the system owner; the Municipality of West Nipissing. The Verner Drinking Water System is a stand-alone system that does not receive water from or send water to another system.

Notification to system users that the Annual Report is available for viewing is accomplished through:

- A notice is posted on the web at http://www.westnipissingouest.ca/pop/dep-utilities.html, and the annual report is available for viewing, at the above website.
- Discussions during public council meetings.

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2.0 Description of the Drinking Water System (DWS No. 210000951)

The Verner Drinking Water System is owned by the Corporation of the Municipality of West Nipissing and consists of a Class 3 water treatment subsystem and a Class 1 water distribution subsystem. The Ontario Clean Water Agency is designated as the Overall Responsible Operator (ORO) for the water treatment plant (WTP). The Municipality of West Nipissing provides the ORO for the Verner Water Distribution System.

Raw Water Supply

The Verner Municipal Water System is a surface water system that draws water from the Veuve River. The Veuve River is part of the Lake Nipissing watershed. The intake structure is located 12 kilometers (km) upstream of Lake Nipissing and 48 km downstream of the source. The Veuve River, upstream from the intake, has a catchment area of approximately 92,000 hectares (ha). This area is well developed and includes: Highway (Hwy) 17 corridor; Canadian Pacific Railway (CPR) railway tracks; housing and cottage development. The water treatment plant's intake facility consists of an intake structure located 5 meters (m) below the low river level, connected to a raw water wet well by a 42.7 m long, 250 millimeter (mm) ductile iron pipe. The intake structure is approximately 20 m from the riverbank. In accordance with the Permit To Take Water (PTTW), the allowable rate of water taking is 12.25 litres per second (L/s) with a maximum daily volume of 1059 cubic meters per day (m³/d).

Water Treatment

The Verner WTP was originally commissioned in 1975 and underwent major regulatory upgrades in 2005 which included replacement of all chemical feed system equipment and tanks; replacement of the plant instrumentation and controls; installation of a Ultra-Violet Irradiation (UV) system for primary disinfection; installation of piping and valves to provide treatment-towaste functionality; new raw water and treated water magnetic flow meters; and the installation of a 125 kilowatt (kW) standby diesel generator. Also, radio telemetry equipment was installed at the elevated storage tank to permit treatment plant-elevated tank communication and control. The Verner WTP is a conventional treatment facility, with a designed capacity of 1059 m³/d. Conventional treatment is comprised of coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation & dual media rapid sand filtration, primary disinfection & secondary disinfection. Furthermore, disinfection is achieved through the use of UV (primary disinfection) and chlorine gas (secondary disinfection). Chemically assisted filtration is through the use of an "Ecodyne Graver Monoplant" package treatment plant. The Ecodyne Graver Monoplant package treatment plant consists of a mixing zone; flocculation zone; settling compartment and flock barriers; blowdown valve and rapid flow by gravity sand and anthracite filters. Chemical treatment includes the addition of polymer, aluminum sulphate (Alum), pre and post soda ash, chlorine gas for disinfection and chlorine dioxide for iron and manganese removal to control taste and odour. An occupancy alarm was installed at the WTP in 2017 and set to dial out after 64 hours.

Water Storage and Pumping Capabilities

There are four (4) below grade clear wells connected in series having a total area, total capacity and useable capacity of 134 square meters (m²), 269 cubic meters (m³) and 234 m³ respectively. The high lift pumping station has a firm capacity of 1,090 m³/d with three (3) identical vertical turbine high lift pumps each having a capacity of 545 m³/d at a total dynamic head (TDH) of 53.3 m.

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Waste Management

A backwash handling system includes a 4.56 m by 3.05 m deep waste equalization tank which collects waste sludge, backwash water, all in-plant drainage and sanitary waste; one (1) submersible pump that pumps $272.2 \text{ m}^3/\text{d}$ at a TDH of 7.0 m discharging to the municipal sanitary sewage system.

Emergency Power

Standby emergency power is supplied at this plant by a 125 kW standby diesel generator with automatic switchover controls installed as part of the 2005 plant upgrades.

Distribution System

The Verner Water Supply System is classified as a Large Municipal Residential Drinking Water System which serves a population of approximately 1100 consumers. The Verner Water Distribution System consists of approximately 8 km of water main. The system includes an offsite water storage facility located on the west side of Dubeau Street (192 m north of the intersection of Dubeau Street and Vercheres Avenue). The facility is a steel and concrete elevated storage tank, having a total storage capacity of 568 m³ and about 40 m above ground equipped with low level alarm and an overflow. The system has approximately 50 hydrants. The distribution system undergoes routine flushing twice a year, in the spring and in the fall.

3.0 List of Water Treatment Chemicals Used Over the Reporting Period

The following chemicals were used in the treatment process at the Verner Water Treatment Plant.

- Aluminum Sulphate (Alum) Coagulation/Flocculation
- Chlorine dioxide is produced on site by combining Chlorine solution and Sodium Chlorite
 Iron and Manganese Control
- Chlorine Gas Disinfection
- Magnafloc LT 20 Poly Acrylamide Polymer Coagulant Aid
- Sodium Carbonate (Soda Ash) –Alkalinity and pH Adjustment
- Sodium Chlorite Iron and Manganese Control

4.0 Significant Expenses Incurred in the Drinking Water System

OCWA is committed to maintaining the assets of the drinking water system and maintains a program of scheduled inspection and maintenance activities using a computerized Work Management System (WMS). OCWA implemented a new Workplace Management System (Maximo) in 2015 which better maintains and optimizes facility assets. All routine maintenance activities conducted at the water treatment plant were accomplished in 2018.

Significant expenses incurred in the drinking water system include:

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- Approval given to have clearwells cleaned robotically. Service scheduled dependent on availability of contracted company.
- Pipes in chlorine dioxide room frozen due to extreme cold weather. Both booster pumps split casings require replacement. Old spare booster pump for chlorine dioxide system installed while waiting for replacement to arrive.
- Chlorine dioxide system underwent repairs which included installing threaded rod hangers to support frame in advance of welding new base frame.
- Explosion proof heater installed in chlorine dioxide room.
- Low lift pump #2 maintenance completed which included draining raw water well, confined space entry, vacuum sediments and clean the well, inspect well structure, inspect pumps and pump stands, pull #2 pump for assessment, install spare low lift pump, perform electrical work, returned raw water well and pump back into service.
- Replaced failed chlorine dioxide level sensor.

5.0 Drinking Water System Highlights

- The last Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) inspection took place on October 25, 2017. The inspection included a physical assessment of the Verner water treatment plant and a document review. The system received a risk rating of 14.86%, with a final inspection rating of 85.14%.
- SAI Global conducted a Re-accreditation Audit of the Verner Drinking Water Systems' Quality
 and Environmental Management System (QEMS). The system and processes associated
 with the QEMS were evaluated on December 17, 2018 to ensure implementation of the
 Operational Plan and procedures and conformance to the Drinking Water Quality
 Management Standard version 2.0. Three (3) opportunities for improvement were identified
 during the audit, two have been resolved and one is in progress. Re-accreditation was
 achieved on December 18, 2018.
- Facility Optimization Program (FOP) team delivered exit briefing presentation to municipal officials.
- Sealed gaps in floor above raw water well as per MECP recommendation.
- New Operational Plan DWQMS version 2.0 completed and endorsed.

6.0 Details on Notices of Adverse Test Results and Other Problems Reported to & Submitted to the Spills Action Center

Based on information kept on record by OCWA, four (4) adverse water quality incidents (AWQI) was reported to the Ministry of the Environment's Spills Action Centre (MOE SAC) in 2018.

AWQI 141205 - Chlorite Exceedance (Lab result greater than 1.0 mg\l)

Chlorite sample result of 6.47 mg/L (sample taken July 25, 2018) and a duplicate result of 6.56 mg/L (sample taken July 25, 2018) on July 31, 2018 caused AWQI #141205 MAC = 1.0 mg/L. Verbally notified MOE SAC, MOH and Owner on July 31, 2018 and faxed Section 1, 2A and 3. MOH directed to flush POE line and resample. Operator lowered chlorine dioxide. Resample taken August 2, 2018 and results came in on August 8, 2018. Resample result = 4.50 mg/L and is above MAC resulting in AWQI 141446. Second resample was taken August 9, 2018 and

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results came in on August 14. Chlorite resample result is 4.40 mg/L. Another resample was taken August 16, 2018 after lowering chlorine dioxide. Contacted MOH and informed them of resample result on August 24, 2018, no further action required. Resample result = 0.69 mg/L. Section 2B faxed to MOE SAC, MOH and Owner on August 24 with resample results. Please note the first samples were sparged at the Sturgeon Falls WTP; however, the first resample was sparged in the field after taking sample.

AWQI 141307 - Chlorite and Chlorate Exceedance (Lab result greater than 1.0 mg\l)

Chlorite sample result of 5.81 mg/L (sample taken July 25, 2018) and a chlorate result of 1.22 mg/L (sample taken July 25, 2018) on August 2, 2018 caused AWQI #141307 MAC = 1.0 mg/L. Verbally notified MOE SAC, MOH and Owner on August 2, 2018 and faxed Section 1, 2A and 3. MOH directed to flush POE line and resample. Operator lowered chlorine dioxide. Resample taken August 2, 2018 and results came in on August 8, 2018. Chlorite resample result = 4.50 mg/L and is above MAC resulting in AWQI 141446. Chlorate resample result was 1.0 mg/L and is not above MAC. Second chlorite resample was taken on August 9, 2018 and results came in on August 14, 2018. Chlorite resample results are 4.40 mg/L. Another resample was taken August 16, 2018 after lowering chlorine dioxide. Contacted MOH and informed them of chlorate resample result on August 9, 2018, no further action required with regards to chlorate; however, chlorite still exceeds MAC. Informed MOH of chlorite resample result on August 24, 2018. Resample result = 0.69 mg/L. Section 2B faxed to MOE SAC, MOH and Owner on August 24 with resample results. Please note these samples were duplicate samples taken by MECP inspector Lori Duquette and were not sparged; however, the resample was sparged in the field after taking sample.

AWQI 141446 - Chlorite Exceedance (Lab result greater than 1.0 mg\l)

Chlorite resample result of 4.50 mg/L (sample taken August 2, 2018) on August 8, 2018 caused AWQI #141446 MAC = 1.0 mg/L. Verbally notified MOE SAC, MOH and Owner on August 8, 2018 and faxed Section 1, 2A and 3 on the morning of August 9, 2018. MOH was originally notified at 13:49 on August 8, 2018, Shauna Riley called OCWA back at 14:25 on August 8, 2018 and informed that they will be looking into and will call back with corrective actions. At 16:23 on August 8, 2018 Shauna from MOH called back and directed to turn down chlorine dioxide immediately, which was completed August 8, 2018 at 17:00. She also advised to flush POE line and resample. Second resample taken August 9, 2018 and results came in on August 14, 2018. Resample result = 4.40 mg/L and is above MAC. Another resample taken August 16, 2018 after lowering chlorine dioxide. Contacted MOH and informed them of resample result on August 24, 2018, no further action required. Resample result = 0.69 mg/L. Section 2B faxed to MOE SAC , MOH and Owner on August 24 with resample results. Please note the final resample was not sparged in the field after taking sample (confirmed with MECP sparging not required as it does not make a noticeable difference).

AWQI 141624 - Chlorite Exceedance (Lab result greater than 1.0 mg\l)

Chlorite resample result of 4.40 mg/L (sample taken August 9, 2018) on August 14, 2018 caused AWQI #141624 MAC = 1.0 mg/L. Verbally notified MOE SAC, MOH and Owner on August 14, 2018 and faxed Section 1, 2A and 3 on August 14, 2018. MOH was originally notified at 0935 (left voicemail) on August 14, 2018, I called back and spoke to Lou D'Alessandro @ 1447 on August 14, 2018 and MOH directed to turn down chlorine dioxide immediately, which was completed August 14, 2018 at 11:00. He also advised to flush POE line and resample. Resample taken August 16, 2018 and results came in on August 24, 2018. Resample result = 0.69 mg/L and is below MAC. Contacted MOH and informed them of resample result on August 24, no further action required. Section 2B faxed to MOE SAC, MOH and Owner on August 24

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with resample results. Please note the resample was not sparged in the field after taking sample, as the MECP at this time has decided sparging doesn't make a noticeable difference.

7.0 Microbiological Testing Performed During the Reporting Period

Summary of Microbiological Data

Sample Type	No. of Samples	Range of E. coli Results (min to max)	Range of Total Coliform Results (min to max)	# of HPC Samples	Range of HPC Results (min to max)
Raw (River)	52	1 to 136	17 to 10700	0	N/A
Treated	52	0 to 0	0 to 0	52	0 to 33
Distribution	156	0 to 0	0 to 0	52	0 to 1

Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) for E. coli = 0 Counts/100 mL

MAC for Total Coliforms = 0 Counts/100 mL

"<" denotes less than the laboratory's method detection limit.

NDOGT = No Data, Overgrown with Target

NDOGHPC = No Data, Overgrown with HPC

Notes: One microbiological sample is collected and tested each week from the raw and treated water supply. A total of three microbiological samples are collected and tested each week from the Verner distribution system.

Refer to *Appendix A* for a monthly summary of microbiological test results.

8.0 Operational Testing Performed During the Reporting Period

Continuous Monitoring in the Treatment Process

Parameter	No. of Samples	Range of Results (min to max)	Unit of Measure
Filter #1 and #2 Combined Turbidity	8760	0.0 to 2.00	NTU
Free Chlorine	8760	0.26 to 4.21	mg/L

Notes: For continuous monitors 8760 is used as the number of samples.

Effective backwash procedures, including filter to waste are in place to ensure that the effluent turbidity requirements are met all times. The plant is configured to shut down and creates a callout whenever turbidity reaches 1.0 NTU for 0 seconds. At 0.35 NTU after 800 seconds automatic backwashes are triggered. Thus, the maximum result over 1 NTU on Filters 1 and 2 is not representative of the water entering the clearwell.

Summary of Chlorine Residual Data in the Distribution System

Parameter	No. of Samples	Range of Results (min to max)	Unit of Measure	Standard
Free Chlorine	365	0.30 to 2.70	mg/L	0.05

Note: A total of seven operational checks for chlorine residual in the distribution system are collected each week. Four (4) samples are tested one day and three (3) on a second day. The sample sets are collected at least 48-hours apart and samples collected on the same day are from different locations.

Refer to *Appendix B* for a monthly summary of the above operational data.

Summary of Nitrate & Nitrite Data (sampled at the water treatment plant)

Date of Sample	Nitrate Result Value	Nitrite Result Value	Unit of Measure	Exceedance	
January 15	0.484	< 0.003	mg/L	No	

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April 17	0.197	< 0.003	mg/L	No
July 25	0.022	< 0.003	mg/L	No
October 15	0.050	< 0.003	mg/L	No

Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) for Nitrate = 10 mg/L MAC for Nitrite = 1 mg/L

Summary of Chlorate and Chlorite Data (sampled at the water treatment plant)

Date of Sample	Chlorite Result Value	Chlorate Result Value	Unit of Measure	Exceedance
January 15	<0.01	<0.01		
April 17	<0.01	<0.01		
July 25	6.47, 6.56*	0.72		
July 25 (MECP)	5.81*	1.22*	ma/l	Yes*
August 2 (resample)	4.50*	1.0	mg/L	165
August 9 (resample)	4.40*	-		
August 16 (resample)	0.69	-		
October 15	0.24	0.26		

Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) for Chlorate = 1 mg/L

MAC for Chlorite = 1 mg/L

Summary of Total Trihalomethane Data (sampled in the distribution system)

Date of Sample	Result Value	Unit of Measure	Running Average	Exceedance
January 15	44			
April 17	48	//	No	
July 25	61	ug/L	68.5	INU
October 15	121			

Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) for Total Trihalomethanes (THMs) = 100 ug/L (Four Quarter Running Average)

In an effort to reduce THMs in first quarter of 2018, the distribution main to THMs sampling location will flushed a week prior to sampling.

Summary of Total Haloacetic Acids Data (sampled in the distribution system)

Date of Sample	Result Value	Unit of Measure	Running Average	Exceedance
January 15 (80 Principale St. E.)	65.9			
January 29 (10401 Hwy. 17)	34.7			
April 17 (11790 Hwy. 64)	51.4	ug/L	85.4	N/A Until 2020
July 25 (4 Principale St. West)	105			
October 15 (Telesphere & Gingras Ave B/O)	170			

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^{*} See Section 6.0 – Details on Notices of Adverse Test Results and Other Problems Reported to & Submitted to the Spills Actions Center on page 6 of this report for details.



Summary of Most Recent Lead Data

(Applicable to the following drinking water systems; large municipal residential systems, small, municipal residential systems, and non-municipal year-round residential systems)

The Verner Drinking Water System was eligible to follow the "Exemption from Plumbing Sampling" as described in section 15.1-5(9) and 15.1-5(10) of Schedule 15.1 of Ontario Regulation 170/03. The exemption applies to a drinking water system if, in two consecutive periods at reduced sampling, not more than 10% of all samples from plumbing exceed the maximum allowable concentration (MAC) of 10 ug/L for lead. As such, the system was required to test for total alkalinity, lead and pH in two distribution sample collected during the periods of December 15 to April 15 (winter period) and June 15 to October 15 (summer period). This testing is required in every 12-month period with lead testing in every third 12-month period. Two rounds of alkalinity and pH testing were carried out on February 7th and July 3rd of 2018. Results are summarized in the table below.

Summary of pH & Alkalinity Data

Date of Sample	No. of Samples	Sample Location/ID	Field pH	Alkalinity (mg/L)
February 7	1	B/O Telesphore	7.05	50.3
February 7	1	B/O V030	7.12	51.2
July 3	1	Verner Potable H2O Station	7.04	78.0
July 3	1	B/O Telesphore	7.08	71.0

Most Recent Schedule 23 Inorganic Data Tested at the Water Treatment Plant

Parameter	Result Value	Unit of Measure	Standard	Exceedance
Antimony	<mdl 0.02<="" th=""><th>ug/L</th><th>6</th><th>No</th></mdl>	ug/L	6	No
Arsenic	0.3	ug/L	10	No
Barium	12.5	ug/L	1000	No
Boron	<mdl 2.0<="" th=""><th>ug/L</th><th>5000</th><th>No</th></mdl>	ug/L	5000	No
Cadmium	0.006	ug/L	5	No
Chromium	0.18	ug/L	50	No
Mercury	<mdl 0.01<="" th=""><th>ug/L</th><th>1</th><th>No</th></mdl>	ug/L	1	No
Selenium	0.06	ug/L	50	No
Uranium	0.029	ug/L	20	No

Note: Sample required every 12 months (sample date = January 29, 2018)

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Most Recent Schedule 24 Organic Data Tested at Water Treatment Plant

TREATED WATER	Sample Date (yyyy/mm/dd)	Sample Result	MAC	-	Number of Exceedances	
	(уууу/ппп/аа)			MAC	1/2 MAC	
Alachlor (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.02<="" td=""><td>5.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	5.00	No	No	
Atrazine + N-dealkylated metabolites (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.01<="" td=""><td>5.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	5.00	No	No	
Azinphos-methyl (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.05<="" td=""><td>20.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	20.00	No	No	
Benzene (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.32<="" td=""><td>1.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	1.00	No	No	
Benzo(a)pyrene (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.004<="" td=""><td>0.01</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	0.01	No	No	
Bromoxynil (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.33<="" td=""><td>5.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	5.00	No	No	
Carbaryl (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.05<="" td=""><td>90.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	90.00	No	No	
Carbofuran (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.01<="" td=""><td>90.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	90.00	No	No	
Carbon Tetrachloride (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.16<="" td=""><td>2.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	2.00	No	No	
Chlorpyrifos (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.02<="" td=""><td>90.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	90.00	No	No	
Diazinon (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.02<="" td=""><td>20.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	20.00	No	No	
Dicamba (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.2<="" td=""><td>120.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	120.00	No	No	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.41<="" td=""><td>200.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	200.00	No	No	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.36<="" td=""><td>5.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	5.00	No	No	
1,2-Dichloroethane (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.35<="" td=""><td>5.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	5.00	No	No	
1,1-Dichloroethylene (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.33<="" td=""><td>14.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	14.00	No	No	
Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride) (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.35<="" td=""><td>50.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	50.00	No	No	
2,4-Dichlorophenol (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.15<="" td=""><td>900.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	900.00	No	No	
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4-D) (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.19<="" td=""><td>100.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	100.00	No	No	
Diclofop-methyl (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.4<="" td=""><td>9.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	9.00	No	No	
Dimethoate (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.03<="" td=""><td>20.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	20.00	No	No	
Diquat (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 1.0<="" td=""><td>70.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	70.00	No	No	
Diuron (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.03<="" td=""><td>150.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	150.00	No	No	
Glyphosate (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 1.0<="" td=""><td>280.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	280.00	No	No	
Malathion (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.02<="" td=""><td>190.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	190.00	No	No	
Metolachlor (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.01<="" td=""><td>50.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	50.00	No	No	
Metribuzin (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.02<="" td=""><td>80.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	80.00	No	No	
Monochlorobenzene (Chlorobenzene) (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.3<="" td=""><td>80.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	80.00	No	No	
Paraquat (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 1.0<="" td=""><td>10.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	10.00	No	No	
PCB (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.04<="" td=""><td>3.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	3.00	No	No	
Pentachlorophenol (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.15<="" td=""><td>60.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	60.00	No	No	
Phorate (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.01<="" td=""><td>2.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	2.00	No	No	
Picloram (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 1.0<="" td=""><td>190.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	190.00	No	No	
Prometryne (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.03<="" td=""><td>1.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	1.00	No	No	
Simazine (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.01<="" td=""><td>10.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	10.00	No	No	
Terbufos (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.01<="" td=""><td>1.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	1.00	No	No	
Tetrachloroethylene (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.35<="" td=""><td>10.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	10.00	No	No	
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.2<="" td=""><td>100.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	100.00	No	No	
Triallate (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.01<="" td=""><td>230.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	230.00	No	No	
Trichloroethylene (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.44<="" td=""><td>5.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	5.00	No	No	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.25<="" td=""><td>5.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	5.00	No	No	
2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid (MCPA) (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.12<="" td=""><td>100.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	100.00	No	No	
Trifluralin (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.02<="" td=""><td>45.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	45.00	No	No	
Vinyl Chloride (ug/L) - TW	2018/01/29	<mdl 0.17<="" td=""><td>1.00</td><td>No</td><td>No</td></mdl>	1.00	No	No	

Note: Sample required every 12 months (sample date = January 29, 2018)

Inorganic or Organic Test Results that Exceeded Half the Standard Prescribed in Schedule 2 of the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards.

No inorganic or organic parameter(s) listed in Schedule 23 and 24 of Ontario Regulation 170/03 exceeded half the standard found in Schedule 2 of the Ontario Drinking Water Standard (O. Reg. 169/03) during the reporting period.

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Most Recent Sodium Data Sampled at the Water Treatment Plant

Date of Sample	No. of Samples	Result Value	Unit of Measure	Standard	Exceedance
February 22, 2016	1	39.8	ma/l	20	Yes
February 29, 2016 (resample)	1	27.3	mg/L	20	res

Note: Sample required every 60 months. Next sampling scheduled for February 2021.

It is required that the local Medical Officer of Health be notified when the concentration exceeds 20 mg/L so that persons on sodium restricted diets can be notified by their physicians. The adverse sodium result was reported to MOE SAC and the North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit on Feb. 25, 2016 as required under Schedule 16 of O. Reg. 170/03 (AWQI# 128400).

Most Recent Fluoride Data Sampled at the Water Treatment Plant

Date of Sample	No. of Samples	Result Value	Unit of Measure	Standard	Exceedance
February 22, 2016	1	<mdl 0.06<="" td=""><td>mg/L</td><td>1.5</td><td>No</td></mdl>	mg/L	1.5	No

Note: Sample required every 60 months. Next sampling scheduled for February 2021.

Summary of Additional Testing Performed in Accordance with a Legal Instrument.

1. Schedule C, Section 1.6 of Municipal Drinking Water Licence #202-101 requires the UV disinfection system to maintain a continuous pass-through UV dose of at least 40 millijoules per square centimeter (mJ/cm²) which is equal to 12.7 watts per square meter (W/m²) throughout the life span of the UV lamps. Refer to Appendix B.

A primary disinfection system consisting of two (2) Trojan UV swift SC model B08 low pressure UV irradiation units, each rated at 1,320 m³/d at 85% Ultra-Violet Light Transmittance (UVT) with design dose of 40 mJ/cm² complete with electrically actuated control valves to allow switchover between units, automatic on-line cleaning systems, and treatment-to-waste functionality. The standby reactor will be brought into service in the event that the duty reactor faults or fails to provide the required UV dosage of 40 mJ/square cm. If the duty reactor fails the following would occur:

- the low lift and high lift pumps would shut off
- the (failed) duty UV reactor's water inlet valve would close
- an alarm would be generated and sent through the emergency call-out system to alert operators of the failure of the duty reactor
- an operator would respond and manually get standby reactor online

Table 4 of the licence also requires the following parameters related to the UV disinfection system to be continuously monitored and recorded every four (4) hours:

UV Intensity

Measured continuously by the UV system. UV intensity is monitored by each individual unit's control module and should the light intensity of the unit fall outside the specified range, the unit will

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automatically shut down and a standby unit will be activated by the on call operator. Such an event will be recorded by the UV control system.

Flow Rate

The maximum flow rate though each of the units is 12.2 to 12.8 L/s (see table 4 in Section 1.6 of Schedule C in the municipal drinking water licence #202-101) which is continuously measured by the raw water flow meter. Each UV unit is equipped with a flow control valve and an electronically activated water shut-off valve which will automatically close in the event of a UV equipment malfunction, loss of power or ceases to provide an appropriate level of disinfection.

UV Transmittance

Under Section 7.0 of Schedule B in the Drinking Water Works Permit #202-201, it states that UVT shall be monitored monthly.

Lamp Status

Monitored by each unit's control module. Should the lamp status fail, the unit will automatically shut down and a standby unit will be activated by an on call operator. Such an event will be recorded by the UV control system.

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